

Fourier Series Synthesis

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※ 本例週期方波 $x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t \leq 1 \\ 0, & 1 < t \leq 2 \end{cases}$

利用方程式 $x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{12} c_n \cos\left[2\pi t \frac{n}{T_0} + \theta_n\right]$ 繪出波形

先找出 c_n 與 θ_n

$$c_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}, \theta_n = -\arctan \frac{b_n}{a_n}$$

經計算後 ...

$$\frac{a_0}{2} = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^2 x(t) dt = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^2 x(t) \cos \frac{2\pi t}{T} dt = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} b_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_0^2 x(t) \sin \frac{2\pi t}{T} dt = \int_0^1 1 \cdot \sin n\pi t dt = -\frac{1}{n\pi} \cos n\pi t \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{n\pi} (1 - \cos n\pi) \\ &= \begin{cases} \frac{2}{n\pi}, & n = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, \dots \\ 0, & n = 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, \dots \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

所以，各個係數為以下所列：

$$\frac{a_0}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_1 = 0, b_1 = \frac{2}{\pi}, c_1 = \frac{2}{\pi}, \theta_1 = 1.5708$$

$$a_2 = 0, b_2 = 0, c_2 = 0, \theta_2 = 0$$

$$a_3 = 0, b_3 = \frac{2}{3\pi}, c_3 = \frac{2}{3\pi}, \theta_3 = 1.5708$$

$$a_4 = 0, b_4 = 0, c_4 = 0, \theta_4 = 0$$

$$a_5 = 0, b_5 = \frac{2}{5\pi}, c_5 = \frac{2}{5\pi}, \theta_5 = 1.5708$$

$$a_6 = 0, b_6 = 0, c_6 = 0, \theta_6 = 0$$

$$a_7 = 0, b_7 = \frac{2}{7\pi}, c_7 = \frac{2}{7\pi}, \theta_7 = 1.5708$$

$$a_8 = 0, b_8 = 0, c_8 = 0, \theta_8 = 0$$

$$a_9 = 0, b_9 = \frac{2}{9\pi}, c_9 = \frac{2}{9\pi}, \theta_9 = 1.5708$$

$$a_{10} = 0, b_{10} = 0, c_{10} = 0, \theta_{10} = 0$$

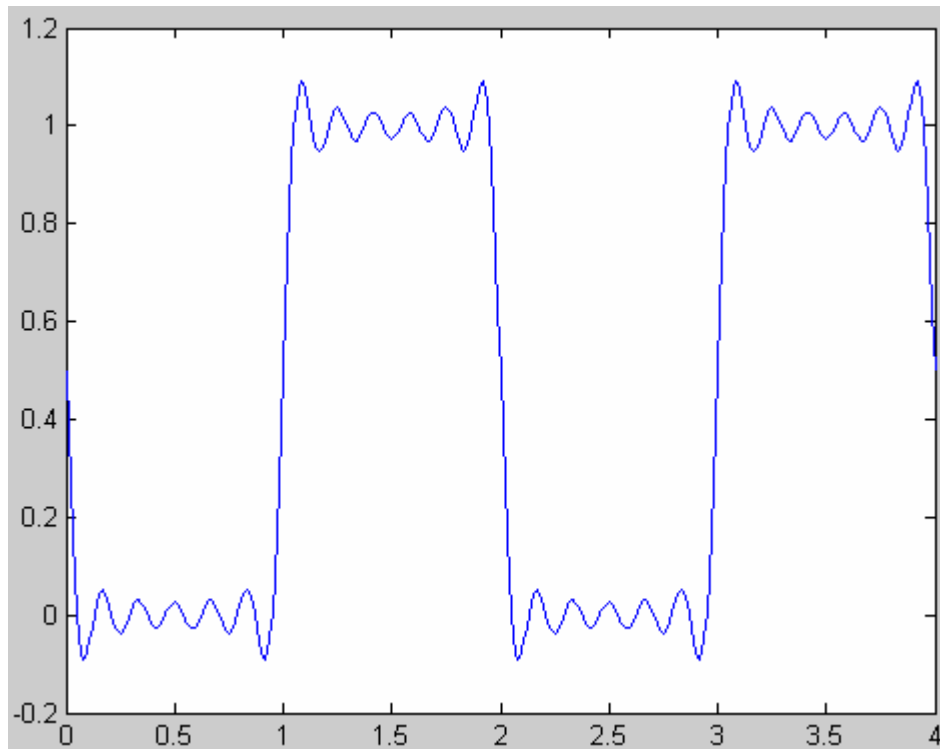
$$a_{11} = 0, b_{11} = \frac{2}{11\pi}, c_{11} = \frac{2}{11\pi}, \theta_{11} = 1.5708$$

$$a_{12} = 0, b_{12} = 0, c_{12} = 0, \theta_{12} = 0$$

將以上係數 a_0 、 c_n 與 θ_n 代入程式 $x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{12} c_n \cos\left[2\pi t \frac{n}{T_0} + \theta_n\right]$

於 MATLAB 鍵入以下指令：

```
>> t=0:0.01:4;
>> x=(1/2)+(2/pi)*cos(pi*t+1.5708)+(2/(3*pi))*cos(3*pi*t+1.5708)+(2/(5*pi))*cos(5
*pi*t+1.5708)+(2/(7*pi))*cos(7*pi*t+1.5708)+(2/(9*pi))*cos(9*pi*t+1.5708)+(2/(11
*pi))*cos(11*pi*t+1.5708);
>> plot(t,x)
```



執行出來的圖形，和例子時間對應之值相反(檢查過算式，應該沒錯，不知是哪打錯)！？

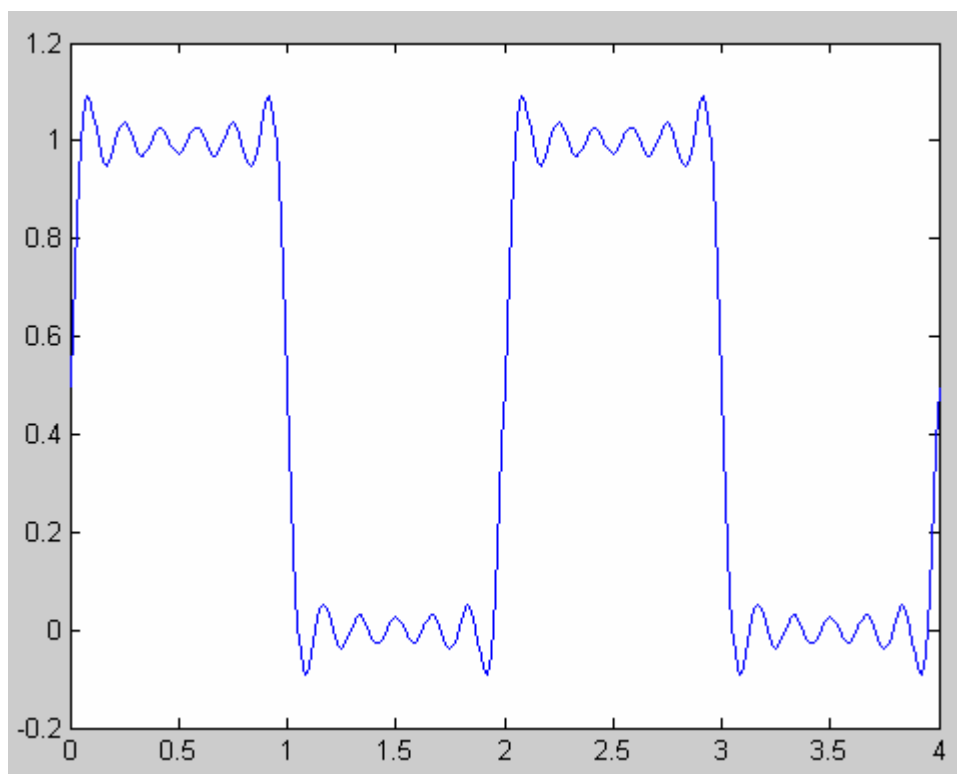
若以下列型式來執行

$$x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{12} a_n \cos(2\pi t \frac{n}{T}) + b_n \sin(2\pi t \frac{n}{T})$$

代入係數 a_0 、 a_n 與 b_n

如以下指令：

```
>>t=0:0.01:4;
>>x=(1/2)+(2/pi)*sin(pi*t)+(2/(3*pi))*sin(3*pi*t)+(2/(5*pi))*sin(5*pi*t)+(2/(7*pi))*sin(7
*pi*t)+(2/(9*pi))*sin(9*pi*t)+(2/(11*pi))*sin(11*pi*t);
>>plot(t,x)
```



可以！

※ 本例週期方波 $x(t) = \begin{cases} -1, & -2 < t \leq 0 \\ 1, & 0 < t \leq 2 \end{cases}$

利用方程式 $x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{12} c_n \cos\left[2\pi t \frac{n}{T_0} + \theta_n\right]$ 繪出波形

先找出 c_n 與 θ_n

$$c_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}, \theta_n = -\arctan \frac{b_n}{a_n}$$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} = 0$$

$$a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{T/2} \int_0^{T/2} x(t) \sin \frac{2n\pi t}{T} dt = \int_0^2 \sin \frac{n\pi t}{2} dt = \frac{2}{n\pi} (1 - \cos n\pi)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{4}{n\pi}, n = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, \dots \\ 0, n = 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, \dots \end{cases}$$

所以，各個係數為以下所列：

$$\frac{a_0}{2} = 0$$

$$a_1 = 0, b_1 = \frac{4}{\pi}, c_1 = \frac{4}{\pi}, \theta_1 = 1.5708$$

$$a_2 = 0, b_2 = 0, c_2 = 0, \theta_2 = 0$$

$$a_3 = 0, b_3 = \frac{4}{3\pi}, c_3 = \frac{4}{3\pi}, \theta_3 = 1.5708$$

$$a_4 = 0, b_4 = 0, c_4 = 0, \theta_4 = 0$$

$$a_5 = 0, b_5 = \frac{4}{5\pi}, c_5 = \frac{4}{5\pi}, \theta_5 = 1.5708$$

$$a_6 = 0, b_6 = 0, c_6 = 0, \theta_6 = 0$$

$$a_7 = 0, b_7 = \frac{4}{7\pi}, c_7 = \frac{4}{7\pi}, \theta_7 = 1.5708$$

$$a_8 = 0, b_8 = 0, c_8 = 0, \theta_8 = 0$$

$$a_9 = 0, b_9 = \frac{4}{9\pi}, c_9 = \frac{4}{9\pi}, \theta_9 = 1.5708$$

$$a_{10} = 0, b_{10} = 0, c_{10} = 0, \theta_{10} = 0$$

$$a_{11} = 0, b_{11} = \frac{4}{11\pi}, c_{11} = \frac{4}{11\pi}, \theta_{11} = 1.5708$$

$$a_{12} = 0, b_{12} = 0, c_{12} = 0, \theta_{12} = 0$$

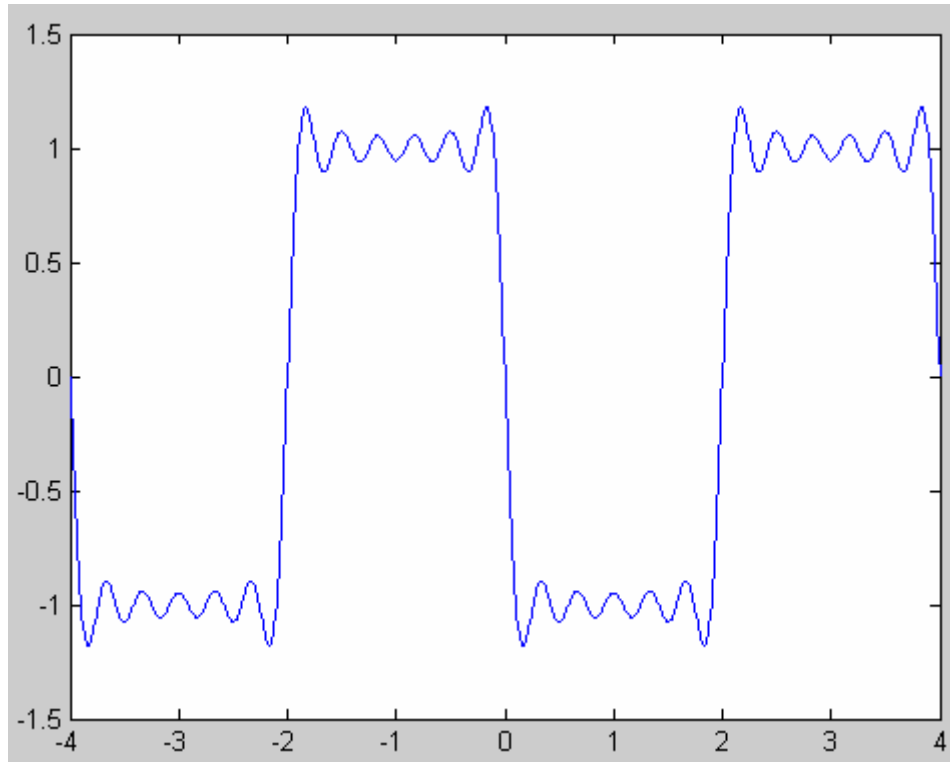
>>t=-4:0.01:4;

>>x=(4/pi)*cos(((pi*t)/2)+1.5708)+(4/(3*pi))*cos(((3*pi*t)/2)+1.5708)+(4/(5*pi))*c

```

os(((5*pi*t)/2)+1.5708)+(4/(7*pi))*cos(((7*pi*t)/2)+1.5708)+(4/(9*pi))*cos(((9*pi*t)/2)+1.5708)+(4/(11*pi))*cos(((11*pi*t)/2)+1.5708);
>> plot(t,x)

```



執行出的圖形，亦和上一例子有同樣的問題，不知哪個步驟出錯了！

若以下列型式來執行

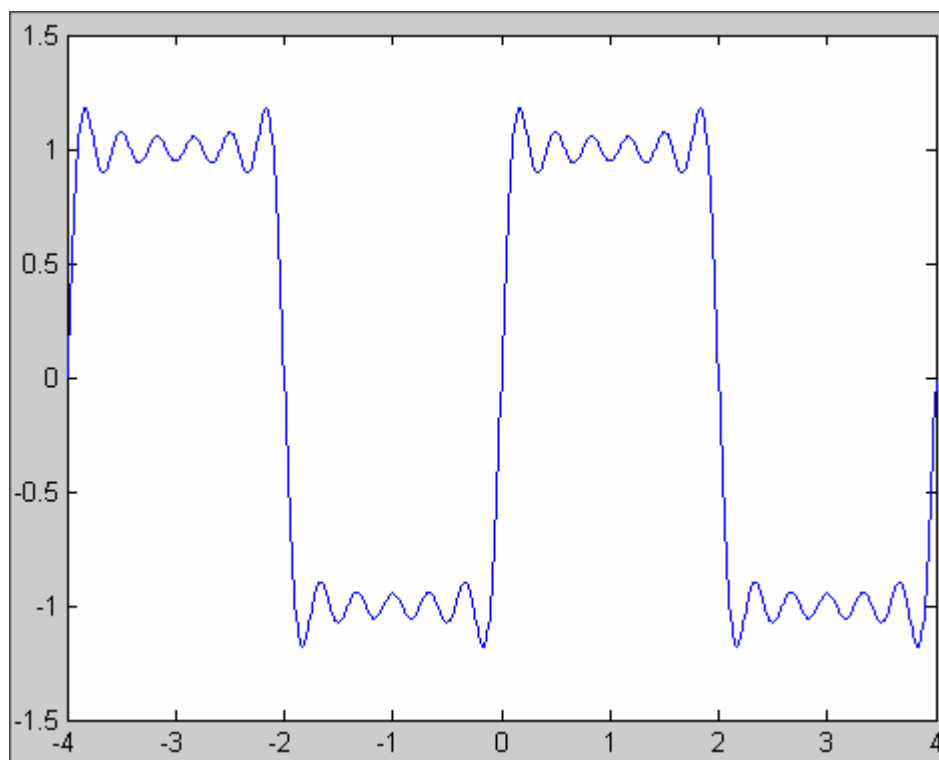
$$x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{12} a_n \cos(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t) + b_n \sin(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t)$$

如以下指令：

```

>>t=-4:0.01:4;
>>x=(4/pi)*sin((pi*t/2))+(4/pi)*(1/3)*sin((3*pi*t/2))+(4/pi)*(1/5)*sin((5*pi*t/2))+(4/
pi)*(1/7)*sin((7*pi*t/2))+(4/pi)*(1/9)*sin((9*pi*t/2)) +(4/pi)*(1/11)*sin((11*pi*t/2));
>>plot(t,x)

```



可以！

※ 再試一例子 $x(t) = \begin{cases} x+2, & -2 < t \leq 0 \\ 1, & 0 < t \leq 2 \end{cases}$

利用方程式 $x(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{12} c_n \cos\left[2\pi t \frac{n}{T_0} + \theta_n\right]$ 繪出波形

先找出 c_n 與 θ_n

$$c_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}, \theta_n = -\arctan \frac{b_n}{a_n}$$

$$\frac{a_0}{2} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} x(t) dt = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^2 x(t) dt = \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 (x+2) dt + \int_0^2 1 dt \right\} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_n &= \frac{1}{T/2} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} x(t) \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} t dt = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 (x+2) \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} t dt + \int_0^2 \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} t dt \right\} = \frac{2}{n^2 \pi^2} (1 - \cos n\pi) \\
&= \begin{cases} \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} & n = 1, 3, 5 \dots \\ 0 & n = 2, 4, 6 \dots \end{cases} \\
b_n &= \frac{2}{T/2} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} x(t) \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} t dt = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 (x+2) \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} t dt + \int_0^2 \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} t dt \right\} = -\frac{1}{n\pi} (1 + \cos n\pi) \\
&= \begin{cases} -\frac{2}{n\pi} & n = 1, 3, 5 \dots \\ 0 & n = 2, 4, 6 \dots \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

所以，各個係數為以下所列：

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{a_0}{2} &= 1 \\
a_1 &= \frac{4}{\pi^2}, b_1 = 0, c_1 = \frac{4}{\pi^2}, \theta_1 = 0 \\
a_2 &= 0, b_2 = -\frac{1}{\pi}, c_2 = \frac{1}{\pi}, \theta_2 = 1.5708 \\
a_3 &= \frac{4}{9\pi^2}, b_3 = 0, c_3 = \frac{4}{9\pi^2}, \theta_3 = 0 \\
a_4 &= 0, b_4 = -\frac{1}{2\pi}, c_4 = \frac{1}{2\pi}, \theta_4 = 1.5708 \\
a_5 &= \frac{4}{25\pi^2}, b_5 = 0, c_5 = \frac{4}{25\pi^2}, \theta_5 = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$a_6 = 0, b_6 = -\frac{1}{3\pi}, c_6 = \frac{1}{3\pi}, \theta_6 = 1.5708$$

$$a_7 = \frac{4}{49\pi^2}, b_7 = 0, c_7 = \frac{4}{49\pi^2}, \theta_7 = 0$$

$$a_8 = 0, b_8 = -\frac{1}{4\pi}, c_8 = \frac{1}{4\pi}, \theta_8 = 1.5708$$

$$a_9 = \frac{4}{81\pi^2}, b_9 = 0, c_9 = \frac{4}{81\pi^2}, \theta_9 = 0$$

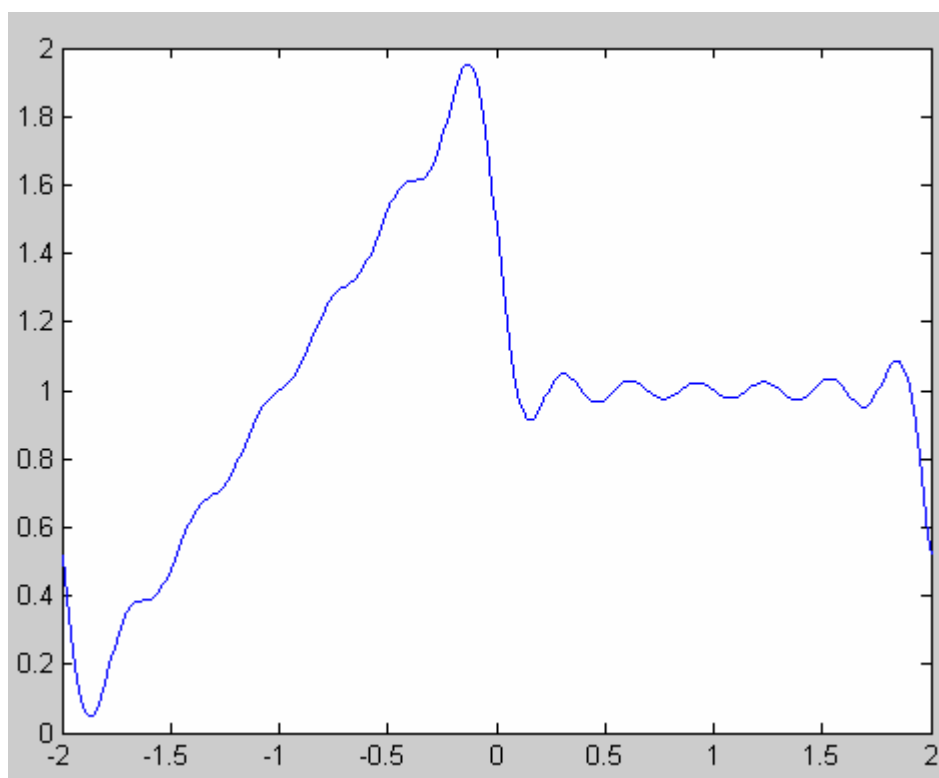
$$a_{10} = 0, b_{10} = -\frac{1}{5\pi}, c_{10} = \frac{1}{5\pi}, \theta_{10} = 1.5708$$

$$a_{11} = \frac{4}{121\pi^2}, b_{11} = 0, c_{11} = \frac{4}{121\pi^2}, \theta_{11} = 0$$

$$a_{12} = 0, b_{12} = -\frac{1}{6\pi}, c_{12} = \frac{1}{6\pi}, \theta_{12} = 1.5708$$

將係數代入方程式，執行以下指令：

```
>> t=-2:0.01:2;
>> x=1+(4/pi^2)*cos((pi*t)/2)+(1/pi)*cos(pi*t+1.5708)+(4/(9*pi^2))*cos((3*pi*t)/2)+
(1/(2*pi))*cos(2*pi*t+1.5708)+(4/(25*pi^2))*cos((5*pi*t)/2)+(1/(3*pi))*cos(3*pi*t+
1.5708)+(4/(49*pi^2))*cos((7*pi*t)/2)+(1/(4*pi))*cos(4*pi*t+1.5708)+(4/(81*pi^2))
*cos((9*pi*t)/2)+(1/(5*pi))*cos(5*pi*t+1.5708)+(4/(121*pi^2))*cos((11*pi*t)/2)+(1/
(6*pi))*cos(6*pi*t+1.5708);
>> plot(t,x)
```



差不多趨於想要的波形！